```
↑ / sonarr / installation / reverse-proxy

reverse-proxy
```

## **Reverse Proxy Configuration**

Sample config examples for configuring Sonarr to be accessible from the outside world through a reverse proxy.



These examples assumes the default port of 8989 and that you set a baseurl of sonarr. It also assumes your web server i.e nginx and Sonarr running on the same server accessible at localhost (127.0.0.1). If not, use the host IP address or hostname instead for the proxy pass directive.

## **NGINX**

Add the following configuration to <a href="mailto:nginx.conf">nginx.conf</a> located in the root of your Nginx configuration. The code block should be added inside the <a href="mailto:server">server</a> context. Full example of a typical Nginx configuration <a href="mailto:server">Server</a> context.



If you're using a non-standard http/https server port, make sure your Host header also includes it, i.e.: <a href="mailto:proxy\_set\_header">proxy\_set\_header</a> Host \$host:\$server\_port or <a href="mailto:proxy\_set\_header">proxy\_set\_header</a> Host \$http\_host

```
location ^~ /sonarr {
1
2
        proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8989;
3
        proxy_set_header Host $host;
4
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
5
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Host $host;
6
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
7
        proxy_redirect off;
8
        proxy_http_version 1.1;
        proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
9
        proxy_set_header Connection $http_connection;
10
11
    # Allow the API External Access via NGINX
12
13
    location ^~ /sonarr/api {
        auth_basic off;
14
15
16
```

```
proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8989;
}
```

A better way to organize your configuration files for Nginx would be to store the configuration for each site in a separate file.

To achieve this it is required to modify nginx.conf and add include subfolders-enabled/\*.conf in the server context. So it will look something like this.

```
1  server {
2  listen 80;
3  server_name _;
4  
5  # more configuration
6  
7  include subfolders-enabled/*.conf
8  }
```

Adding this line will include all files that end with .conf to the Nginx configuration. Make a new directory called subfolders-enabled in the same folder as your nginx.conf file is located. In that folder create a file with a recognizable name that ends with .conf. Add the configuration from above from the file and restart or reload Nginx. You should be able to visit Sonarr at yourdomain.tld/sonarr. tld is short for Top Level Domain Z Subdomain

Alternatively you can use a subdomain for sonarr. In this case you would visit sonarr. yourdomain.tld.

For this you would need to configure a A record or CNAME record in your DNS.

A

Many free DNS providers do not support this

By default Nginx includes the sites-enabled folder. You can check this in nginx.conf, if not you can add it using the include directive . And really important, it has to be inside the http context. Now create a config file inside the sites-enabled folder and enter the following configuration.



For this configuration it is recommended to set baseurl to " (empty). This configuration assumes you are using the default 8989 and Sonarr is accessible on the localhost (127.0.0.1). For this configuration the subdomain sonarr is chosen (line 5).

A

If you're using a non-standard http/https server port, make sure your Host header also includes it, i.e.: proxy\_set\_header Host \$host:\$server\_port or proxy\_set\_header

## Host \$http\_host

```
server {
1
2
                   80;
3
       listen [::]:80;
4
5
      server_name sonarr.*;
6
7
       location / {
8
                             Host $host;
9
                             X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
                             X-Forwarded-Host $host;
10
                             X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
11
12
                             Upgrade $http_upgrade;
                             Connection $http_connection;
13
14
15
                             off;
16
         proxy_http_version 1.1;
17
18
         proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8989;
19
20
```

Now restart Nginx and Sonarr should be available at your selected subdomain.

## **Apache**

This should be added within an existing VirtualHost site. If you wish to use the root of a domain or subdomain, remove sonarr from the Location block and simply use / as the location.

Note: Do not remove the baseurl from ProxyPass and ProxyPassReverse if you want to use // as the location.

ProxyPreserveHost on prevents apache2 from redirecting to localhost when using a reverse proxy.

Or for making an entire VirtualHost for Sonarr:

```
ProxyPass / http://127.0.0.1:8989/sonarr/
ProxyPassReverse / http://127.0.0.1:8989/sonarr/
```

If you implement any additional authentication through Apache, you should exclude the following paths:

▶ /sonarr/api/

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